

1 ANDREW K. WHITMAN (SBN 128358) 821 N. Signal St. 2 Ojai, Ca 93023 (805) 444-5671 In Pro Per and Attorney for Heidi A. Whitman, Nancy L. 4 Whitman and John R. and Nancy 5 L. Whitman Family Trust 6 7 8 9 SUPERIOR COURT OF THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA 10 FOR THE COUNTY OF LOS ANGELES 11 12 SANTA BARBARA CHANNELKEEPER, 13 a California non-profit corporation, 14 Petitioner, 15 16 STATE WATER RESOURCES CONTROL 17 BOARD, A CALIFORNIA STATE AGENCY; CITY OF SAN BUENAVENTURA, a 18 California municipal corporation, incorrectly 19 named as CITY OF BUENAVENTURA,

Case No. 19STCP01176 Assigned to Judge William F. Highberger Dept.: 10

Complaint filed: September 19, 2014

CROSS-DEFENDANTS ANDREW K. WHITMAN, HEIDI A. WHITMAN, NANCY L. WHITMAN, AND JOHN R. AND NANCY L. WHITMAN FAMILY TRUST'S STATUS CONFERENCE **STATEMENT**

CITY OF SAN BUENAVENTURA, a California municipal corporation,

Cross-Complainant,

Respondents.

DUNCAN ABBOTT, an individual, et al.

Cross-Defendants.

CROSS-DEFENDANTS ANDREW K. WHITMAN, HEIDI A. WHITMAN, NANCY L. WHITMAN, AND JOHN R. AND NANCY L. WHITMAN FAMILY TRUST'S STATUS CONFERENCE STATEMENT - 1

28

27

20

21

22

23

24

25

26

Cross-Complainant City of Ventura is hammering forward attempting to obtain a "physical solution" that will impact thousands and thousands of water users and land owners in Northern Ventura County. A physical solution is clearly premature at this stage of the litigation. The cross-defendants have not had the opportunity to obtain evidence or establish, where appropriate, that they are not proper cross-defendants.

A premature solution is part of the City of Ventura's strategy. Any physical solution requires this Court to exercise equitable jurisdiction. The City of Ventura smells to high heaven when equitable considerations are brought to the table. Despite a limited water resource the City of Ventura has handed out development permits that place unreasonable demands on the entire community.

To avoid the City's irresponsible over-use of the water the City engages in a "cart before the horse" strategy. The City of Ventura wants this Court to use its power to adopt a physical solution before a full equitable consideration and before all of the relevant facts are before the Court.

The "physical solution" that the City of Ventura seeks is an equitable remedy designed to alleviate overdrafts and the consequential depletion of water resources in a particular area, consistent with the constitutional mandate to prevent waste and unreasonable water use and to maximize the beneficial use of California's limited resource. *California American Water v. City of Seaside* (2010) 183 Cal.App.4th 471. Under the "physical solution doctrine," a court adjudicating a water rights dispute may, within limits, exercise its equitable powers to impose a physical solution to achieve a practical allocation of water to competing interests. *State Water Resources Control Bd. Cases* (2006) 136 Cal.App.4th 674. In water cases involving a physical solution, a trial court not only has the power but also has the duty to exercise its power to work out a solution consistent with the policy to beneficially use water. *Water Replenishment Dist. of Southern Cal. v. City of Cerritos* (2012) 202 Cal.App.4th 1063 [as modified on denial of reh'g, (Feb. 8, 2012) and review denied (May 9, 2012)].

///

///

The questions before this Court at this stage of the proceedings should be:

- How can the Court fashion an equitable solution that is designed to alleviate overdraft and depletion of water resources, preventing waste and yet maximizing beneficial use?
- How can the Court achieve a practical allocation of competing water interests?
- How can this Court arrive at a solution that promotes the beneficial use doctrine mandated by the California constitution?

To answer these questions this Court needs much more information.

Much of the current focus of this litigation is upon a tour to see the physical layout of relevant hydrology. While the depth of the Court's understanding of geography, geology and hydrology would be useful if the Court ultimately renders a physical solution, some or all of that knowledge may be meaningless and a waste of the Court's time depending on the scope of the solution. The following questions/factors are at least as important, if not more important, than the proposed tour:

This Court Should Appoint a Special Hydrology Master:

A comprehensive understanding of the geography, geology and hydrology of the four distinct ground water basins that the City of Ventura attempts to lay claims to is more important than direct visualization of the region encompassed by the litigation. How do the different basins interact - in the hydrologic sense? A birds-eye view is no replacement for a comprehensive, scientific understanding of multiple water systems. This Court should either appoint a hydrology master (as a consultant beholden to the Court only), or if the Court is not sufficiently familiar with candidates to fill the position, the Court can take proposals from the litigants. The proper candidate will be an expert in basin wide hydrological principals; will be neutral and unbiased; and will have knowledge of the region and its history.

This Court Should Determine Which Parties Should be Part of The Physical Solution:

My clients and I are landowners in the Ojai Ground Water basin and, allegedly, the Upper Ojai Water basin. Should any of the overlying ground water owners be part of the process that leads to a physical solution? The litigation is steamrolling towards an adjudication/physical solution that will impact every party to the litigation. The Court should be engaged in making determinations as to who should be part of any final adjudication.

(a) Does the City of Ventura enjoy Pueblo Water Rights?

One determination that will streamline the scope of the proceedings is a determination of whether the City of Ventura enjoys "pueblo water rights." The City of Ventura claims to have the ability to make a claim against groundwater in the Ojai Ground Water Basin and the Upper Ojai Ground Water Basin based upon historical "pueblo" water rights. Whether Pueblo water rights extend to groundwater may be a red-herring. Whether the Pueblo water rights even exist is entirely doubtful. According the California Lands Commission, the Pueblo designation was never granted to the City of San Buenaventura (See https://www.slc.ca.gov/land-types/rancho-pueblo-presidio-mission-lands/). It should follow that Ventura has no Pueblo water rights. The claim that Pueblo rights exist over ground water in the Ojai Valley should be moot. An early determination of the Pueblo rights question potentially allows thousands of overlying ground water rights holders to be dismissed from the litigation and exempt from any of this Court's rulings.

(b) Does the Procedure for a Physical Solution Include More Than One Ground Water Basin?

It seems likely that the City of Ventura would have some claim to the Ventura River Water sufficient to justify an adjudication. The Ventura River has historically been part of the water supply for the City. However, there is no legal or logical connection between the Ojai Groundwater Basin, the Upper Ojai Basin and the City of Ventura. However, in the Third Amended Cross Complaint the City of Ventura claims the right to an adjudication and a physical

solution that encompasses four different water basins (Lower Ventura, Upper Ventura, Ojai and Upper Ojai). Overlying groundwater owners in the Ojai and the Upper Ojai basins are not proper parties to the adjudication sought by Ventura.

Cross-defendant City of Ojai has presented a compelling argument that the adjudication process does not extend beyond a single groundwater basin. The adjudication process does not permit or establish the Court's ability to adjudicate water rights and solutions among the stake holders in multiple basins in a single adjudication.

Whether the City of Ventura has the legal standing to demand adjudication of water rights within multiple groundwater basins should be resolved before the overlying defendants are forced to go through any further litigation. If the City of Ojai is correct, thousands of defendants could be dismissed and avoid the pandora's box that will be opened if this Court makes an adjudication that impacts the rights of parties to the litigation who shouldn't be a party. Judicial economy demands that the important legal issues raised by the City of Ojai can be addressed by the Court. As stated, a determination that the right to an adjudication is limited to the Lower Ventura River or limited to the Upper Ojai and Lower Ojai groundwater basins will result in significant judicial economy (by eliminating the participation of thousands of cross-defendants).

The Equities of City of Ventura Water Usage (Overdrafts) Must Be Known Before The Court Makes Substantive Decisions

Whatever relief the City of Ventura seeks to obtain through its Third Amended Cross-Complaint is impacted by equity. Whether the City of Ventura is entitled to any relief at all is dependent upon coming to the Court with "clean hands." This Court cannot and should not entertain any rulings granting the City of Ventura any relief until it receives evidence on the full history of the City of Ventura's use of water over time. This should include the history of irresponsible issuance of development permits that have placed ever increasing demands upon an unsustainable water resource. By contrast, Ojai and the unincorporated areas of the County of Ventura have been severely restrictive in the issuance of development permits. The Court can't

1	assess any equitable solutions along the Ventura River or within any of the groundwater basins
2	without having information relevant to the City of Ventura's equitable condition.
3	CONCLUSION
4	The Court needs a special master/water expert before making any further decisions that
5	may impact the rights of all parties. The Court should establish procedures that allow for early
6	determination whether the City of Ventura has Pueblo water rights, whether an
7	adjudication/physical solution can extend to more than one groundwater basin, and whether
8	individual defendants are proper parties to the litigation.
9	
10	April 12, 2021 /s/ Andrew K. Whitman
11	ANDREW K. WHITMAN, in pro per, and
12	attorney for HEIDI A. WHITMAN, NANCY
13	L. WHITMAN and the JOHN R. and
14	NANCY L WHITMAN FAMILY TRUST
15	
16	Property Address:
17	821 N. Signal St.
18	Ojai, CA 93023
19	Attorney Information
20	Andrew K. Whitman
21	821 N. Signal St.
22	Ojai, Ca 93023
23	andyw821@gmail.com
24	(805) 444-5671
25	
26	
27	
28	CROSS-DEFENDANTS ANDREW K. WHITMAN, HEIDI A. WHITMAN, NANCY L. WHITMAN, AND JOHN R. AND NANCY L. WHITMAN FAMILY TRUST'S STATUS CONFERENCE STATEMENT - 6